

MARBURG PARISH OF THE AELC
TRINITY MARBURG, ST JOHN'S MINDEN, OUR SAVIOUR LOWOOD

31 January 2021

The Fourth Sunday after the Epiphany

HYMNS: 498 239 360 852 840 822

INTROIT: Praise the LORD! I shall give thanks to the LORD with all my heart, in the company of the upright and in the congregation.

The works of the LORD are great; they are studied by all who delight in them.

His work is glorious and majestic; and His righteousness endures for ever.

He has caused His wonders to be remembered; the LORD is gracious and compassionate.

He has given food to those who fear Him; He will remember His covenant for ever.

He has declared the power of His works to His people, by giving to them the inheritance of the nations.

The works of His hands are faithful and just; all His precepts are trustworthy.

They are steadfast for ever and ever; they are done in truth and uprightness.

He has sent redemption to His people; He has ordained His covenant for ever: holy and awesome is His name.

The fear of the LORD is the beginning of wisdom; all who observe His precepts have good understanding. His praise endures for ever.

Psalm 111

COLLECT: Almighty God, You know we live in the midst of so many dangers that in our frailty we cannot stand upright. Grant strength and protection to support us in all dangers and carry us through all temptations; through Jesus Christ, Your Son, our Lord, who lives and reigns with You and the Holy Spirit, one God, now and for ever. Amen.

The Lord's Supper has always been seen as a sign of unity between those who commune together at the Lord's table (1 Cor. 10:17). When Christians partake of the Lord's Supper in a church body that has a confession of faith, they thereby declare that they believe that they are one in faith with those who commune with them. Since people cannot honestly hold two differing confessions at the same time, they cannot honestly commune with those whose confession is in conflict with their own. If any do this nevertheless, they deny their own confession, and so deny Christ Himself (2 Cor. 6:14-18). **We ask visitors who are communicant members in a church not in fellowship with the AELC, or are not familiar with the *AELC Statement of Faith*, to refrain from communing today. If you have questions, please speak with the pastor after service.**

READINGS: Deuteronomy 18:15-20 The LORD promises a prophet like Moses.
1 Corinthians 8:1-13 Freedom and the conscience of your brother.
Mark 1:21-28 Jesus teaches with authority.

SERMON: Hebrews 2:17-18 CHRIST OUR HIGH PRIEST

How Does Faith Give Freedom?

In 1520, Martin Luther wrote a tract entitled, “The Freedom of a Christian.” Read part 1 here.

In one section of *The Freedom of a Christian*, Luther unpacks his assertion that faith alone justifies the sinner before God. Luther does not see faith as an inherent power of capacity; that makes faith into a human work. Rather, faith is the trust in Christ Jesus that God Himself works through His Word. This faith in Christ, exclusive of any and all works, saves. He writes, *“Because this faith can only rule the inner person, as Rom. 10[:10] says (‘one believes with the heart and so is justified’), and because this faith alone justifies, it is clear that the inner person cannot be justified, freed, or saved by any external work or activity at all and that no works whatever have anything to do with the inner person.”*

Here, Luther follows the apostle Paul in excluding everything but faith in Christ from our justification before God. Good works, even the deeds commanded by God’s Law, much less the human traditions imposed by the pope, do not provide reconciliation with God and liberation from divine condemnation. Only Christ apprehended exclusively by faith supplies righteousness in God’s eyes.

Luther cannot cease extolling this faith. It is, he says, “an incomparable treasure,” for it brings salvation without any need to be supplemented by works of human righteousness. In contrast to the Roman Catholic teaching that faith must be formed by works of love to be efficacious, Luther relies on the divine promise that the one who believes in Christ is justified.

At this point, Luther anticipated the question that may well arise from those who read his tract both in his time and in ours. How can a person be justified by faith alone when the Bible prescribes numerous rules and regulations in both the Old and the New Testaments? Before Luther continues his discussion of faith, he instructs his readers in making a necessary distinction between God’s Law and His Gospel, or His commands and His promises. He says, *“In the meantime it should be pointed out that the entire Scripture of God is divided into two parts: commands and promises.”*

Commands teach us what we are to do and not do, but they lack the power to accomplish these good and God-pleasing realities in our lives. Through them, Luther says, we see our inability to be righteous. In this way, the commands of God lead to despair, and if the Law is not satisfied, we remain under God’s wrath and condemnation.

Then Luther makes an amazing turn. The Law is not fulfilled by our good works, which always miss the mark of perfection. The Law is fulfilled through faith alone. *“If you want to fulfill the law, ‘You shall not covet,’ as the law demands, then look here! Believe in Christ, in whom grace, righteousness, peace, freedom, and all things are promised to you. If you believe, you will have these things; if you do not believe, you will lack them”* he writes. The person who has faith in Christ lacks nothing. What the Law demands but cannot accomplish, Christ gives. *“God alone commands, and God alone fulfills.”*

Faith, Luther says, has three benefits. First, through faith we are “swallowed up” by God’s promises and are made His beloved children so that *“this Christian freedom referred to above, namely our faith ... does not cause us to be lazy and lead evil lives but instead makes the law and works unnecessary for the righteousness and salvation of the Christian.”*

Second, faith honours God by attributing to Him truthfulness and righteousness. Faith does not hold God in contempt but lets Him be the Lord that He is. Faith is the highest worship of God and only through faith are we obedient to God.

Third, faith unites the soul with Christ just as a bride is made one flesh with her bridegroom. Through faith, whatever belongs to Christ (righteousness) becomes the property of the believer even as in this blessed exchange the sin of the believer belongs to Christ. He writes, *“Now let faith intervene and it will turn out that sins, death, and hell are Christ’s, but grace, life, and salvation are the soul’s. For if he is the groom, then he should simultaneously both accept the things belonging to the bride and impart to the bride those things that are his. For the one who gives his body and his very self to her, how does he not give his all? And the one who receives the body of the bride, how does he not take all that is hers?”*

Luther describes this marriage as *“the most delightful drama.”* He calls faith the wedding ring that joins the believer to Christ Jesus so that what is Christ’s is now the believer’s and what is the believer’s is now Christ’s. The believer’s sin is Christ’s as if He Himself had sinned. Christ’s righteous life, His innocent death and His victorious resurrection are the believer’s as if he had done these things himself. Even though in our sin we are the “poor, disloyal little prostitute,” our sins cannot destroy us because Christ owns them.

By faith we receive all that belongs to Christ. In Him, we are the firstborn of God and heirs of all of the divine promises. In Christ we are priests and kings (1 Peter 2:9). As priests, we have access to God through our great High Priest, Jesus, and offer the sacrifices of prayer and thanksgiving.

As kings, we rule not as worldly political leaders in the secular realm, as secular heads of government. Instead, Luther says, *“the more Christian a person is, the more he or she is subject to evils, suffering, and death, as we see in Christ, the firstborn himself, and in all his holy brothers [and sisters].”* Like Christ, we rule in the midst of our enemies (Psalm 110:2), for in Him, we have victory over the world, sin, death and the devil.

Faith comes by hearing the Word of Christ, so Luther highlights the necessity of good preaching (Rom. 10:14-17). Luther begins by telling his readers what is not good preaching. Good preaching does not merely retell the historical narrative of Jesus’ life and deeds as though He were merely an example that we must emulate to be saved. Good preaching does not play on emotions to arouse sympathy for the suffering of Jesus or incite anger against the Jews. No, *“Preaching, however, ought to serve this goal: that faith in Christ is promoted. Then he is not simply ‘Christ’ but ‘Christ for you and me,’ and what we say about him and call him affects us.”*

Faith cannot live without the preaching of Christ. Listen again to Luther: *“This faith is born and preserved by preaching why Christ came, what he brought and gave, and what are the needs and fruit that his reception entail. This kind of preaching occurs where Christian freedom, which we gain from him and which makes us Christians all kings and priests, is rightly taught. In him we are lords of all, and we trust that whatever we might do is pleasing and acceptable in God’s sight, as we said above.”*

Preaching draws the Christian outside of self and into Christ, in whom we have real freedom.

Welcome to all worshipping with us today! Pastor Peter Ziebell, Phone 46333604 or 0407583922.

Email him at paziebell@gmail.com or to the church office at ddaelc@gmail.com.

Weekly sermons and bulletins are available at www.aelc.org.au

Please notify pastor of anyone who is unwell or in need of a visit.

COMING SERVICES

7 February 5 Epiphany	14 February The Transfiguration	21 February 1 Lent
8.30am OAK HC 8.30am TMBA LR 9.30am AUB LR 10.00am GRN HC 9.00am MARBURG LR	8.30am OAK LR 8.30am TMBA HC 9.00am GRN LR 10.30am AUB HC 9.00am MARBURG LR	8.30am OAK LR 8.30am TMBA LR 9.00am GRN LR 9.30am AUB LR 9.00am LOWOOD HC
Sunday, 7 February		
READINGS: Isaiah 40:21-31; 1 Corinthians 9:16-27; Mark 1:29-39		
HYMNS: 499 16 150 (376 292) 443		
Sunday, 14 February		
READINGS: Exodus 34:29-35; 2 Corinthians 3:12-4:6; Mark 9:2-9		
HYMNS: 164 37 358 (789 85) 532		

ANNOUNCEMENTS

Wednesday, 3 February, 10.00am. Women's Guild at pastor's home. Opening Devotion: Narelle. Key Word: Light. Item of Interest: Something beginning with "Z" or your own choice.

Tuesday, 9 February, 7.30pm. Men's Fellowship at Oakey.

Thursday, 11 February, 10.00am. Bible Study at Lowood.

Congregational AGM's

OAK:

AUB: Sunday, 31 January, 7.30pm.

GRN: Sunday, 7 February, immediately after service.

MARBURG: Sunday, 31 January, immediately after service.